#### UNION SEMINARY'S SONS.

FRIENDS OF DR. BRIGGS AT DINNER.

THE RELATIONS WHICH MINISTERS SHOULD SUSTAIN TO VARIOUS PROBLEMS.

The Alumni of the Union Theological Seminary held their annual dinner at the St. Denis Hotel last evening. Nearly all the members of the Faculty and the Beard of Directors were present and some two hundred graduates of the institution, which numbers among its graduates some of the ablest scholars, the best known preachers and the most devoted missionaries bearing the Presbyterian name. As the dinner was held under the auspices of the Alumni (lub. the president of the club, the Rev. Dr. Henry M. Booth, presided. Dr. Booth has under advisement the presidency of Auburn Theological Seminary to which he was elected last week. Not far from him at the guest table sat his honored father, William A. Booth, for many years a director of Union Seminary.

No meeting of Union men is complete at which there is missing the venerable president of the Board of Directors, now far past four score and ten years, but as full of hope and affection for the institution as when he assisted in its formation nearly sixty years ago. Before the speech making began, Dr. Booth proposed a sentiment, in onse to which he asked the guests to express their approval by rising. The sentiment was: " Dr. Charles Butler, the honored president of the Board of Directors: present and active when the Seminary was founded in the year 1836, he has always been the true friend, the wise counsellor and the liberal helper of professors and students, until his venerable presence has become the joy and crown of the Alumni reunion. Beloved, I wish above all things that thou mayest prosper and be in health, even as thy soul prospereth. All present expressed their enthusiastic agreement with the sentiment.

With Dr. Booth and Dr. Butler at the table of honor sat President Thomas S. Hastings, the head of the Seminary faculty, who delivered a ringing address on "Theological Seminaries and Higher Education"; Dr. Charles A. Briggs, the central figure in Presbyterian circles to-day, and the one toward whom the eyes of Christendom are turning as he goes to Washington on Thursday to defend his coclesiastical life: Protessor Philip Schaff, who has passed through a somewhat similar experience unscathed; I refessor Marvin R. Vincent, whose chief recommendation lies not in trials past or prospective, but in endid scholarship; Professor Francis Brown, Dr. Brigge's successor in the Hebrew chair, and his ablest advocate in the coming Assembly; Professor C. P. Fagnani, the Rev. C. R. Gillett, the eminary librarian, and the Rev. William Adams Brown, representing the faculty. The directors present besides Dr. Butler and Dr. Booth were the vice-president of the board, John Crosby Brown ; Dr. J. McC. Ho'mes, of Albany, an efficient member of the Portland Assembly; D. Willis James, who has shown his faith in Union many times by his works, i. e., his checks and his votes: Dr. J. H. Mclivaine, one of Dr. Briggs's most ardent supporters in the New-York Presbytery; Dr. D. R. Frazer, of Newark, a classmate of Dr. Briggs; Dr. Wilton Merle Smith, Dr. J. M. Ludlow, of East Crange; Dr. J. Balcom Shaw, and the Rev. Lewis Lampman, of Newsrk.

Three guests who were heard in the hours fol-

lowing the dinner were Dr. Henry A. Stimson, of the Broadway Tabernacle, who discussed in a most practical manner "Theological Seminaries and Social Problems;" Dr. T. S. Hamlin, whose theme was "Theological Seminaries and Personal Consecration," and A. D. F. Randolph, the genial publisher, a conservative by nature and an advocate of liberty by force of circumstances for which he thinks the liberals are not responsible. Others present included the Rev. Dr. E. C. Ray, secretary of the Board of Aid for Colleges and Academies; Roderick F. Terry, of the South Reformed Church; Lewis Ray Foote, of Brooklyn; George Noble, J. H. Hoadley, J. C. Egbert, D. G. Wylie, H. T. McEwen, Thomas Nelson, Wilson Phraner, C. E. Knox, Anson P. Atterbury, and the Rev. Messrs. Howard S. Bliss, Willard Parsons, Frederick N. Rutan, A. H. McKinney, Daniel E. Lorenz, Frederick L. Luce, J. W. Hegeman, Gilbert Reid, C. Kuebler, Edwin Fairley, W. M. Grafton, George Webster, R. H. P. Miles, William Youmans, Daniel H. Overton, and some fifteen members of the graduating class. An interesting feature of the gathering was that the oldest graduate of the Seminary, L. H. Angier, of Boston, of the class of 1839, and H. Milton Shields, of Los Cruces, New-Mexico, a member of the class of 1893, were New-Mexico, a member of the class of 1893, were heat of the Semantry to you if he should meet you."

"But the Semantry to you if he should meet you."

"That's very kind in the Semator, and I appreciate it," was Mr. Plett's reply, as he hurried away to

Dr. Roderick Terry presented the report of the committee appointed a year ago to secure an oil painting of the late Professor Henry B. Smith with the presentation of the report, Dr. Terry called attention to the picture itself which hung behind Dr. Booth's chair. The painting will be taken to the Seminary this morning and the formal unveiling of it will take place in connection with the annual meeting in the Adam's Chapel. Dr. Briggs did not speak, but several points, which were taken to be references to his case in the Assembly were heartily applauded. Dr. Hastings gave an interesting picture of the Seminary life, emphasizing the high grade of scholarship demanded of its students, and yet showing that no man was turned away if he had a heart consecrated to Christian work, simply because he was not able to master all the intrincices of Hebrew and Greek. Dr. Stimson urged the Seminary to have their students know human nature as well as books. Dr. Hamlin showed that the Union supplied the high demands set forth by its president and the broad knowledge desired by Dr. Stimson. With the presentation of the report, Dr. Terry

TALE JUNIOR SOCIETIES GIVE A COMIC OPERA New-Haven, Conn., May 15 (Special).-The effort of the Yale junior society men to give a comic opera here to night resulted in a signal success. The big Hyperion Theatre was packed with people all over the State and from New-York. Hood, jr.," was the travesty presented. It was com posed by Perkins, '94; Paine, '94, and Boltwood 62, and was given in fine form. R. B. Wade, of Pittsburg, as Hugh; J. N. Hill, of St. Paul, as Guy of Gisberne, and Noah H. Swayne, 2d, of New-York City, as the Sheriff of Nottingham University, car rich off the leading honors of the evening.

Among the well-known persons present were A. Rees, of Stamford, Conn.; Miss Rees, Mrs. McCall and Miss McCall, of New-York; Mrs. J. L. Morgan and Miss Chittenden, of Brooklyn; Miss Whitehead, of Newark: Mrs. W. J. Harris, of New-York: Mrs. David H. Greer, Miss Greer and Miss Ely, of New-York; Mrs. Henry Eno and Mrs. Wildem Eno, of Saugatack, Conn.; Walter Camp and Stanley Morri-son.

### THE ERASTUS WIMAN ASSIGNMENT.

Erastus Wiman did not make his assignment yer terday. In the morning he was in consultation with Austin B. Fletcher, counsel for a number of his creditors. The assignment will be made shortly. ties would amount to, said that he hardly believed that Mr. Wiman knew that himself. He said he thought the debts would be in a large measure con tingent ones. In many instances they were indorse ments, and were secured by collateral. Mr. Fletcher

"The assignment," he continued, "In the only thing that can be done to treat the creditors fairly Mr. Wiman feels that he has property sufficient to pay his debts, but you know that in times like these it is impossible to realize the full value on it. The future of Mr. Wiman is largely dependent upon the assistance he receives from his friends."

### Scratched Ten Months

A troublesome skin disease caused me to scratch for ten ills, and was cured by a few days' use of S. S. M. H. WOLFF, Upper Mariboro, Md. SWIFT'S SPECIFIC.

I was cured some years ago of White Swelling in my leg by using S. S. S. and have had no symptoms of return of the disease. Many prominent physicians attended me and failed, but S. S. S. did the work. PAUL W. KIRKPATRICK, Johnson City, Tenn.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases melled free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga

THEODORE B. STARR, Madison Square, New-York,

offers for the inspection of VISITORS and buyers one of the most extensive stocks in the United States of choice Diamonds and other Precious Stones, artistically mounted after ORIGINAL DE-SIGNS, THE PRODUCTION AND EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY of this house.

Every facility for the inspection of these jewels, and of goods in other departments, is always gladly afforded to visitors, whether they come with or without intention of purchase.

ODDS AND ENDS OF POLITICS.

SENATOR SHERMAN AND THOMAS C. PLATT. WHAT THE OHIO STATESMAN IS QUOTED AS SAYING ABOUT NEW-YORK POLITICS.

Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, who arrived in this city on Sunday night, and became a guest of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, started for the West at 10 a. m. yesterday. This was Senator Sherman's first visit to New-York since the publication of the letter attributed to him, in which it was said that he "did not care the toss of a copper between Tammany Hall and Tom Platt," and of ex-Senator Platt's reply thereto. Mr. Platt fives at the hotel, but he and Senator Sherman did not meet during the stay of

To a reporter of "The Commercial Advertiser," who asked Senator Sherman if he meant to make an answer to Mr. Platt's recent statement, Mr. Sherman

was quoted by that paper yesterday as saying:
"I do not care to answer," he said. "I cannot recall saying that I would not give the toss of a copper between Tammany and ex-Senator Platt, although may have said so. They do not show to whom I wrote the letter containing the utterance. But really what difference does it make whether I said so or Way, if I should meet Tom Platt I would not mind teiling him so. I would speak to him pleas-antly just as I am speaking to you, and I would say that it makes no difference whether I made the alleged remark or not. I do not consider it worth

Senator, according to "The Commercial Advertiser," said in a most emphatic way: "I do not believe in bossism. The one-man power or bossism that prevails in the States of New-York and Pennsylvania in both parties would not be tolerated in Ohio. or most any Western State. I do not mean his physical, but his political head. There never has been a time since I have been in public life that I would have dared to interfere with the Republican party in Ohio in the selection of candidates for any office. The people in the State would not tolerate any interference in such affairs, and they are right. When you hear any one talk of a Foraker, a Mc-Kinley or a Sherman faction controlling a convention or manipulating political affairs you may know that ing the Republican party in Ohio are not manipulated by any one man or any faction. They have their natural rights, and they would not permit any man to dictate to them.

Such a state of affairs politically as exists in New York and Pennsylvania could not exist in any of the Western States. We have two large cities, Cincinnati and Cleveland, but they cannot control the 4.000,000 people in the State. But bossism has not taken root in the West. The people still control, and I sincerely hope they will ever continue to do so." Ex-Senator Platt was asked last evening if he desired to say anything in reply to what Mr. Sherman was quoted as saying.

at present.

"If I find anything in what the Senator says about me that I think worth answering I will do so when

AN ADDRESS BY EX-MINISTER SMITH.

The Republican Club held a rousing meeting last evening at its ciuthouse, No. 450 Pitth-ave, and passers-by who heard the frequent demonstrations of applause which interrupted the speech of Charles Emory Smith, ex-Minister to Russia and Editor of "The Philadelphia Press, a might naturally suppose that a spirited political campaign was in progress. John Sabine Smith presided, and in the crowded parlors, among other interested auditors, were William Brookfield, E. T. Bartlett, Justice Charles N. Taintor, Ellis H. Roberts, L. E. Chittenden William Leary, James W. Hawes, A. H. Steele, Colone Ex-Minister Smith spoke for an hour and a half on "Political Morality, Past and Present." It was a most interesting and eloquent discussion of the present po-lisical situation, in which the speaker orged his Repubican friends to stand closer together and raise the standard of Republicanism higher.

John Sabine Smith appointed the following standing committees for 1893: Campaign Committee-Henry L. Ettatelo, chairman field, Cornellus N. Bliss, Cophes Brainerd, Edward T. Bartlett, James A. Blanchard, Seth M. Milliken, Arthur L. Merdam, William D. Murphy, Edward Mitchell, Julius M. Mayer, Henry Melville, Charles H. Muriay, Montoe B. Eryant, C. W. Bonfils, S. V. R. Cruger, Lucius E.

Unittenden, Alexander Caldwell, Charles H. Denison, Henr R. De Milt, George W. English, Benjamin L. Fairchild John A. Greene, Henry Hall, A. B. Humphrey, Brace Hayden, Horace T. Hanks, James W. Hawes, James S. Lehmaler, Edward Lauterbuch, Francis E. Laimbeer, William Leary, W. M. K. Olcott, Joseph Pool, Jacob M Patterson, Frank D. Pavey, James Phillips, jr., Howell C. Rees, William L. Strong, Christopher C. shayne, William H. Townier, Theodore K. Tuthill, Charles II. Treat, James Talcott, L. L. Van Allen, Thomas F. Wentworth, James Wandling and Edmund Wetmore, Dinner Committee-James P. Foster, J. V. V. Olcott,

John Proctor Clarke, Edward B. Harper and Job E.

A TALK WITH CHAIRMAN CARTER.

St. Paul, Minn., May 15 (Special).-Thomas Carter, chairman of the National Republican Committee, passed through this city to day on his way home to Montana from the meeting of the National Com-mittee at Louisville. To a reporter be said: "The attendance was larger than we had expected, considering the fact that Louisville is rather an out of the way place for a gathering of this kind, and that this is a very busy season. I can't say anything on the rumor that President Harrison is to be called upon to head the ticket in 1896, for the reason that I can't predict the action of the party that far shead Any way, the Republicans are not in the least discouraged, but, on the contrary, are more hopeful than ever concerning the outcome of the next cam-paign. I am now going back into the mountains and attend strictly to mining for a time."

# FRANK SCHLESSINGER BURLED.

The funeral of Frank Schlessinger, whose body was took place vesterday at his home in College Point, L. I. The burial was in Woodlawn Cemetery. He was married and had two children. His relatives still cling to the be-ilef that he met with foul play, but as yet no direct evi-dence has been prosented to support such a theory. The authorities think that Schlessinger committed suicide while temporarily insane.

### NEW OFFICERS AT ELLIS ISLAND.

John J. Quinlan, the chief Contract Labor Inspector began his new duties at Eilis Island yesterday. A degation of Mr. Quinlan's friends from the XXIVth Asset bly District called upon him and presented to him a hand-some floral horsestoc. Henry 11. Sherman will be Dr. Supports private societary, and Otto Heinzmann yesterday

Through sleeping cars for Montreal and Ottawa, via New-York Central and Adirondack and St. Lawrence Line.

PRAISE FOR THE ABLEGATE.

PRIESTS TELL HIM OF THEIR ESTEEM.

MONSIGNOR SATOLLI ENTERTAINED AT DINNER

-FATHER CORRIGAN'S TRIUMPH. The Rev. Patrick Cerrigan, of the Church of Our terday as rarely falls to a Catholic priest either in this country or Europe who ever engaged in a con-troversy with his bishop; and he was surrounded too by many of his brother priests, some of them having felt the sting of ecclesiastical censure, who joined with him in celebrating his signal victory. The celebration was ostensibly a dinner and reception for the Papal Delegate Monsigner Satolli, but it was easy to see from the tone of the speeches and the nanner of those who speke that the occasion was in a larger sense a celebration of the triumph of liberal ideas in the government of the Church in America. The Apostolic Delegate slayed with Father Corri-

gan Sunday night, and at half-past 8 o'clock yesterday morning celebrated mass in his church close by, Father Callaghan and Father Fitzpatrick being chaplains. After having breakfast with Father Corrigan he went with him and Dean Flyan, of Morristown, to the Passionist Monastery in West Hoboken, where he inspected the schools. He was received by Father Blakeley, the Superior of the Monastery, and made a neat speech to all the children, who in turn gave warm greeting.

Then he returned to Father Corrigen's, where, in the afternoon, the dinner was spread for about 150 persons in the large hall of the parochial school attached to the church. Neither Archbishop Corrigan or Bishop Wigger was present, but a great many priests from the archdlocese of New-York, and, of course, of Newark, and some from Brooklyn, were there. Besides, many Protestant laymen sat down, and at least three Protestant clergymen, two of whom made speeches in veins as sympathetic and In tones as praiseful of Archbishop Satolli as those of the most ardent Catholic of them all. Over the sent of Father Corrigan, who presided, was a large painting of Leo XIII, draped with the Papal colors, underneath which was the motto "Welcome," in floral letters. Around the room was a wealth of United States flags, and from the church outside the same standard floated in the breeze.

At Father Corrigan's right Archbishop Satolli sat and on his left Governor Werts. There were also at the guests' table Mayors Wanser, of Jersey City; Fagan, of Hoboken; Haynes, of Newark, and Kelly, of Weehawken; Colonel E. A. Stevens, John Stevens, Samuel B. Dodd, Richard C. Washburn, Charles S. Schultz, Paulmier Campbell, A. B. Poland, Sheriff Stanton, E. F. C. Young, of Jersey City; Colonel John McAnerny, P. Farrelly, E. A. S. Lewis, Major Pangborn, George R. Phoebus, Willis Steele, John H. Tangeman, the Rev. Deans Flynn, of Morristown; McNulty, of Paterson; Moran, of Princeton; O'Grady, of New-Brunswick, and Fitzsimons, of Camden; the Rev. Dr. Stoddard, of Jersey City; the Rev. Dr. Brett, of the Dutch Reformed Church, Hoboken, and the Rev Dr. Houghton, of Trinity Episcopal Church.

These are some of the priests who were on hand The Rev. Messrs. T. Killeen, E. McCosker, John Sullivan, James Hall and A. M. Egan, of Morris Plains; P. Cody, of Newark: F. O'Neill and B. Mulligan, New Brunswick; Thomas Owens, Jersey City; James Sheehan Jersey City; P. Hennessy, Jersey City; the Rev. Dr. Richard Lalor Burtsell, Rondout; the Rev. Sylvester Malone, Breoklyn; Dr. Nilan, Poughkeepsie; Dr. McSweeney, New-York; R. Taaffe, Brooklyn; Father Donohue, Brooklyn; Fathers Kearney and Deshou, New-York; E. Southwell, New-York; J. Whelan, Patersen; J. Roach, John Morris, P. Connolly and Dr. Smith, Paterson; M. McManus, R. Burke and J.

Father Corrigan began the speechmaking and everything that he said was in his happiest vein. Now the audience was in roars of laughter and at another time it was applauding with marked enthusiasm, while Archbishop Satolli smiled at each joke or shook his head in mild dissent as the compliments from the chairman, which all present seemed to think well deserved, fell thick and fast upon him. This is a little of what Father Corrigun said:

In addressing Uis Excellency, the Papal Delegate, am addressing Rome, and addressing all that is meant by that tremendous name. (Applause.) He comes here to represent the father of hundreds of millions of Christian souls throughout the world, to represent Leo XIII. (Applause.) He comes with all the might and all the power of Rome to wield supreme jurisdiction over the Cathelic Church in America. He is welcome to the American hearth, without saying whether it is Cathelic or Profestant or infidel. (Applause.) He comes here representing the great democratic ideas of Leo XIII, and he has reached the heart of America and is vertly of receiving, as he has the heart of America and is worthy of receiving, as he has received, one of the grandest welcomes ever given to any foreigner ever landed on our shores. (Applause.) He has not been regarded as a foreigner in any sense at all, because he is really at heart an American, and more of an American, let me say to-day, than a great many of those

He has come here to extend the policy, the liberal policy, of the enlightened, high-minded and scholarly Leo XIII (appleuse), and to tell some of our Catholics as he told the children this morning that there are three things we should never lose sight of: First, to be good Americans; second, to be good Catholics, and third, to be devoted to the pure mother of God, who is the mother of all Americans. (Applause.) He has come par-ticularly to break down the barriers that have been keep ing us to a certain extent away from our fellow citizens.

(Applause.) Therefore he comes in a spirit of harmony, and the various creeds and conditions here represented welcome him as he has been welcomed wherever he has gonughout the broad land, with joyful acclaim. (Renewed applause.)

Father Corrigan closed by drinking the health of the Pope and coupling with it the name of Archbishop Satolli. The Archbishop responded in Italian, and to judge by the applause, most of the priests present understood him well. When he was done, the Rev. Dr. Richard Lalor Burtsell, of Rondout, who was Father Corrigan's ecclesiastical lawyer in his fight with Bishop Wigger, translated his remarks into English. He said :

The Apostolic Delegate has told us how we have con in harmony of spirit with Leo XIII, and that our coming here together is significant of our manifestation of the ap, reciation of the Holy Father's great love for America. (Applause.) He has fold us in the name of the Holy Father that America is naturally most dear to him be cause in America there stand represented to-day those ideas which are dominating his whole ministry (applause); and therefore we expect that this harmony of Church and country will be made manifest here more than anywhere else, as a stanting perpetual memorial of this pledge of love that the Holy See has given us. (Applause.) These are very imperifet Words-indeed I may say that this is the hardest task that Father Corrigan has ever imposed upon me. (Great laughter).

President of the United States" in a speech which physician. was warmly applauded, and he was followed by the Rev. Dr. O'Gorman, of the Catholic University, Washington, who also delivered an eloquent speech.

The Rev. Dr. L. Stoddard, of St. John's Free Epis copal Church, Jersey City, said, among other things: During our recent great celebration, when the waters of the Hudson were studded with those giant engines of war, who slept so peacefully, and whose dormant thunder would awake the echoes of the ocean in case of a great international conflict, you would be disposed, on first sight, to feel afraid and be timorous about approaching these terrible monsters. But as you drew near you saw how peaceful and harmless they were after all, and how soon the illusion, which on first view their formidable appearance created, became dispelled. And so when some months ago we American Protestants heard that a Papis delegate welcome him with terror or with joy. We knew he waof guns he might carry (laughter), or what sort of broad-side he might discharge upon this unhappy land (laughter); but now that he is among us and that we have learned t know him, all our terror has vanished and nothing but feelings of kindness and of admiration remain. (Great applause.) We know he is not only gifted but wise; no only a great scholar but a great man; not only leyened bu hearted, and above all he comes as the representative

The Rev. Dr. Cornelius Brett, of the Dutch Reforme Church, Hoboken, spoke too and was warmly and repeatedly cheered for the fiberal minded and tolerant centiments he expressed. Then came the Rev. Sebas tion B. Smith, of Paterson, Fiscal Procurator of the Diocese of Newark, whose speech was listened to with surprise and delight, for he represented flishop Wigger in his controversy with Father Corrigan. He said in

shown in some quarters to the reception of the representative of the Spiritual Father. Men do not relinquish power voluntarity, and it is a law of nature almost universally observed to keep whatever can be gained; but that the Church in this country absolutely i terrention of some such man. (Applause.) I have always considered that it was unfair that the possibility of gaining justice was hitherto all on one side. The clergy of this country have borne the burden and the leats of the day, and while we wiringly give to the Bishops all their rights, and bow to their authority, we also wish to have those legal and constitutional rights which the Church of God and its common law grant to the priests all the world over. (Immense applause.) And those rights the

Major Pangborn spoke for "The Press." Father Hennessy, of St. Patrick's Church, Jersey City Heights, hen read an address from the priests of the diocese The Mayor of Hoboken and Austin E. Ford also

the evening Archismop Smoll field a reception at Father Corrigan's house. He sat in the library, and there those who were presented to him knett and kissed his ring. Then he went to the home of Mrs. Kerrigan, a prominent Catholic, in West Heboken, where another reception was held in his honor. He will be entertained at dinner to-day by Mrs. Stevens at Castle Point.

DOUBT ABOUT THAT FLOATING BODY.

COUNSEL DO NOT BELIEVE IT WAS ROEHL

A LETTER SIGNED "PALLASTER." James L. McLoughlin, who was associated with Counsellor Goldberg in defeeding Roehl, whose dead body is supposed to have been found in the Hudson River on Wednesday last, called at Sing Sing prison vesterday afternoon and said that he and Mr. Gold-berg did not believe that the body found in the river with a bullet hole in the head was that of the condemned murderer, and that they were anxious to have the body disinterred for the purpose of settling the question beyord a doubt.

State Detective Jackson replied that he thought the question had been fully determined when the inwas held on Wednesday afternoon last. He said that not only himself, but Principal Keeper Connaughton and Frieon Physician Irving were positive that the body was that of Roehl. They identified by the fact that four teeth were missing from the lower jaw, and there was a scar on the left thumb and a scar on the forehead. Those teeth, Jackson said, were drawn by Dr. Irving while Rochle was in

the death-house, and before he escaped.

Mr. McLoughlin intimated that the Sing Sing priso authorities had a strong motive in holding out that the body found on Wednesday last was that of Roehl, as they were relieved of all further trouble and responsibility in connection with his escape from the

Officials at Police Headquarters said vesterday that have been found in a bex floating in the North River on April 28, by a mechanic living in Hoboken, had been written by Thomas Pallister, the murderer who scaped from Sing Sing Prison. The letter, as published yesterday, read:

Mr. Warden Brown: I am on the Umbria to let you Mr. Warden low for me. I dene the act of murder in self-defence and am not guilty of murder. So good-by, Mr. Brown.

PALLASTER. P. S .- Your dear freind, Mr. Rhole, is dead, with

In the police court, Pallister signed his name in small, tremulous hand, utterly unlike that of the andwriting of the paper. Besides, he spelled his

A PITIABLE CASE OF SUFFERING IN BROOKLYN. One of the most pitiable cases that ever came to the Swindeiler, twenty-nino years old, was found lying on a bed in a helpless condition, while beneath the bed, in a

237 Floyd-st., was sent to the penitentary by Justice Goetting, on a charge of assaulting his wife. Mrs. released, on account of an error in the commitment, and on May 5, went to the apartments of Mrs. Swindeller and charged her with being responsible for his imprisonment. the woman tried to reason with him, but his anger after attempting to choke her, threw her to the floor and bloked her in the side. He then left the house.

Mrs. Swindeller remained unconscious until her hus-band reached home that evening. With the assistance of neighbors he placed her in the bed, where she remained in terrible agony until Friday, when the child was born. The forehead of the infant was found to be crushed in or the kick the mother had received.

In the meantime, Abel had been rearrested on a charge

of assault and committed to jail pending examination.

When the case was called yesterday by the Magistrate, it was found that Mrs. Swindeller did not appear, and Justice Goetting sent a policeman to the Harrison-ave, house to tell the woman to appear against her assailant. Then the police learned the true state of affairs. The policeman informed Coroner Creamer. The woman declared that she would not prosecute her assailant, who will probably now be charged with manslaughter. The only care the woman had received was from some of the neighbors. Her husband

ENOUGH MONEY FOR THE NEWSDEALER

Charles D. Kellogg, general secretary of the Charity Organization Society, writes to The Tribune to say that he has received more than the amount appealed for in The Tribune to aid an old newspaper dealer who had become blind, and his wife. The sum asked for was \$100, with which the blind man and his wife can now onen a news stand and support themselves. Mr. Kellogg says no more money is necessary. The contributors to thef und have been as follows: \$50,

Mrs. Roswell Smith; \$10 each, "Cash," Mrs. H., W. R. Brown, S. P. Avery and "Cash L. M."; \$5 each, Mrs. H. Hermann, F. A. Guild, Robert Jaffray, "L. R. B.,"
"Mrs. L.," "C. W, A.," Mrs. J. H. Aldrich, L. Fleisch menn. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ingham, Mrs. G. Hoadly,
"B. H.," "J. B. G.," "C. S. H.," and "Gratitude";
"E. H. C." and "Cash" sent #2 each; \$1 each was
received from Mrs. M. Remo, "Cash," "G. H. L.,"
"A Lady," William Valentine, "Cash," and "C. J." The total amount received was \$170.

### TRYING TO SETTLE THE LASAK ESTATE.

The famous Lasek will case was again in the West hester County Supreme Court yesterday. Judge presided. This time it was a partition case, and for the construction of the will. The first suit was tried several years ago when the will was offered for probate. It was contested by Mrs. Antoinette Schermernorn, of Brooklyn, a daughter, who was cut off with only \$10,000 out of the several millions of the estate. Whe suit begun yesterday was for the purpose of getting a egal construction of the will, so that the estate can so closed and each heir get his or her share.

Francis W. Lasak died nve years ago at Dobbs Ferry leaving an estate of \$2,000,000. He was an eccentric om his wife and drove her from his home. She died in New-York City, penniless. Lasek was a partner of the first John Jacob Astor in the far business, and was over ninety years old when he died.

Sarah Ward, sixty years old, was walking in the woods ear the North River, at One-hundred-and-forty-eighth-st. near the North Have, at the control a vicious dog, which attacked her and bit her in the thigh severely. and the North River where she was attended by

AN ABANDONED BABY IN FINE ROBES.

The prettiest and best-dressed abandoned child ever taken to Police Headquarters, in the opinion of Sergeent O'Toole, of the Bureau of Information, was a boy baby Matron Traverse last evening. He was found in the hallway of the house No. 181 Greenwich-st. by James O'Leary, a tenant of the house. The person who had abandoned the infant there had escaped unnoticed. The little stranger had blue eyes and seemed to be in per-He was wrapped in a white merino cloak, which was fairly covered with six embroidery. that was a lace dress, and the linen underclothes were embroidered and fringed with lace. On his head was an expensive lace cap, lined with silk. The police expressed surprise that the mother of the babe should have had the cruelty to abundon him after taking so much pains with his wardrobe.

It is not often that a new preparation meets with such approbation as Cottolene has received for all cooking purposes. Entire satisfaction has been the result everywhere it has been tried, Lard has been discarded, and all the inconveniences attending the use of lard are no longer found in those houses where Cottolene has been adopted for cooking. It is clean, delicate, healthful, and economical, fulfilling a want that has been of long standing. Test it for yourself, and there is no fear of land being used any more in your cooking.

Send three cents in stamps to N. K. Fairbank & Co., Chicago, for handsome Cottolene Cook Book, containing six hundred recipes, prepared by nine eminent authorities

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Antique LACE CURTAINS,

SLIP COVERS, of good quality Damask,

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> HAMMOCKS, all kinds, 75cm. ,. 4.25. LACE CURTAINS CLEANED, equal to new.

Broadway, 4th Avenue, 9th and 10th Streets.

MORE PROTESTS FROM RUSSIANS.

GEORGE KENNAN TRANSMITS SEVERAL TO PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

Washington, May 15 .- George Kennan left the city last night for New-York, whence he sails on Wednes-day for Europe. Before going Mr. Kennan sent the following letter and accompanying documents to President Cleveland relating to the Russian extradition

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith translated copies of four protests against the recently rathled Russian extradition treaty which have been sent to me by public assemblies or organized associations of Russian by public assemblies or organized associations of Russian and Polish refugees in various parts of Europe. They are primarily intended, as will be seen, for the people of the United States, but it seems to me proper that they should also be submitted to the people's chief executive officer, and I beg leave, therefore, to bring em to your attention

The first protest is from the Federation of Polish Immigrants in Europe, and is dated at Geneva, April

the United States of America have entertained in the autocratic government of Russia concerning a treaty of extradition which is to be applicable to all persons accused of participation in plots against the personal safety of the Czar or the members of his family. As exiled citizens of a nation that has been fighting for expending the contract of t century against subjugation to this same archaic despotism, we are fully able to appreciate the danger that such a

we are fully able to appreciate the danger that such a treaty would be to the cause of liberty and the advantages that it would secure to the Russian Government.

No legal treaty is possible without judicial guarantees, and no guarantees can have any value without public control. In a State where arbitrary administration is the rule, where publicity is forbidden, this extradition treaty, if signed, would be equivalent to a sanction given by a free people to all the excesses, abuses and injustice of a vindictive despotism, over which the opinion of the civilized world would exercise no control. If our voice reaches the American people, we hope it may be heard as a protest in the name of humanity and in the name of menaced justice against the execution of this skilfully devised plot.

The next is from Zurich, and says:

We, Russian subjects of various nationalities, have reerived the sorrowin news that the Senate of the United States of America at its session of February 9 last, voted by a majority of two-thirds in favor of a treaty with the Russian Government, providing for the extradition of all persons accused in taking part in any attempt upon the life of the Grar or of any member of his family by deed life of the Czar or of any member of his family by deed or conspiracy. For centuries the Russian Government has been violeft, brutal and unjust, but no single reign in Russia has been stained with so many vile and con-temptible acts of autocratic despotism as that of Alexander III. Chronic famine, epidemics, the suppres-sion of schools, ignorance of the masses, and shameless non-recognition of all the people's rights—even of their human dignity—these are the fruits of autocracy in our numan dignity-these are the fruits of autocracy in our ountry. You are members of a nation which upholds the principles of culture and freedom-in the name of those principles refuse this disgraceful treaty with the Russian Government, the defender of ignorance, license an, slavery. Do not let the end of the nineteenth century witness such an outrage to culture, freedom, humanity, and above all

The third protest is from the Pollsh Society in London. It says:

While strongly disclaiming all sympathy with assessing tion, we solemnly protest against the proposal to introduce in an extradition treaty between the United States and Russia a clause which would practically deprive any Russian subject accused of conspiring against the Government, of the socred right of asylum on American soil. We appeal to the American people against such a measure, of which we are sure they would not approve if it were brought to their knowledge. We respectfully potition the President of the United States of America to use his power and influence to give sanction only to such treaties be tween the United States and Russia as shall secure to

The last protest comes from Leeds, England, and is in the form of a resolution which says:

Resolved, That this meeting of more than 1,000 Russian immigrants residing in Leads protests against the extraimmigrants routing dition treaty lately ratified by the Senate of the United States, and declares that it would be a disgrace to the great American Republic and a violation of international law if such a union with the most despotic of governments were to be ratified by the leader of the mightiest emocracy in the world.

IS THE TREATY LOST!

Washington, May 15 .- The official copy of the Russian extradition treaty, addressed to the Secretary of State in Washington by the United States Minister in St. Petersburg, is overdue, and State Department officials are wondering at the delay in its receipt On April 27 the trenty was sent from St. Petersburg by express, and it was confidently expected in New-York on Saturday by the mail steamer. It should have reached the State Department early this morn-ing, but it was not delivered.

ARISTOCRATIC LAPLANDERS FOR CHICAGO. The easte lines were strictly drawn by the party of Laplanders which arrived here yesterday on the Cunard steamer Aurania. There were eighteen of the common classes, five young women of the royal blood, known as Delacarline girls. The ari-tocratic young women would not cat at the same table with the ordinary Laplanders. Their portical name signifies "Acc mplished women of a mable family," and they can weave, embroider, play the guitar, and some of them speak English and French. The Laplanders are going to the World's Fair. The officers of the Auranta objected to World's Fair. In our cases of the promounde deck in matter costume, and the children of the North did not appear gracefully in the ready-made clothing purchased for them in England. Even the Delacarline aristocracy loaked ill at east. The Laplanders will remain in New-York until their reindeer and sleighs are unloaded from the Runic, which is due here to-day.

EX-MAYOR GLEASON WINS A POINT. Highway Commissioners Hartt, Sauer and Dolitt, of Newtown, L. I., were temporarily enjoined last night, and an order was issued to show cause why they should not an order was issued to show rause why they should how be permanently restrained from interfering with the con-struction of cx-Mayor tileason's electric railroad. The order was granted in the Brooklyn Supreme Court, by Judge Cuilen, and it is returnable this morning at 10 oclock. The cx-Mayor had shout a hundred men at work yesterday building another branch in Newtown. Com-missioner Sauer attempted to stop the work, but the service of the order prevented further interference on his part.
On Thursday last, the Newtown Board granted the Brooklyn City Railroad Company franchises for the same highways claimed by Gleason, and the ex-Mayor ameria that he secured his franchise by an act of the Legislature

### STEAMSHIP COMPANIES COME TO TERMS

TREY PLEDGE THEMSELVES TO AID IN CARRY ING OUT THE NEW IMMIGRATION LAWS. The conference on the new immigration regulations

which was held by Dr. senner and the officials of the steamship companies yesterday resulted in the acceptance of all the recommendations of the Com missioner of Immigration. The steamship compa made some objections to the new law, and there were some heated arguments. The companies, however form size was adopted for the manifests which bear the names of the groups of thirty persons into which the immigrants are divided. Colored tickets printed with letters for the groups and numbers for the in dividuals were adopted. It was also arranged captain, who would have charge of the party, and who would keep the members together when they were brought to Ellis Island. Those persons coming in the steerage who are citizens of the United States will be classified in separate groups.

Dr. Senner said yesterday that the new immigration laws were being executed now with little friction, and that the steerage passengers of the Augusta Victoria and the Aurania had been examined with little con-

and the Aurania had been examined with little confusion.

Nine convicts who had served terms of imprisonsment varying from three months to three years were yesterday debarred from landing by the immigration authorities.

Matte Modric, a native of Croatia, who at home was a grandee and lived in luxury on the money he gained by begging when in this country, was also debarred from landing. Dr. Senner, the Commissioner of Immigration, debarred the man several weeks ago, and yesterday the decision was approved by the Treasury Department.

SOUTHERN BAPTISTS AND THE NEGROES. Nashville, Tenn., May 15 .- Judge Haralson pre-

Bagby, missionary to Brazil, addressed the convention. He expressed the hope that this year would send at Dr. J. B. Gamble, of Mississippi, submitted a repor on the importance of home missions. He cited the fact that some twenty millions of people came within the field of Christian home missions. Of these about Dr. J. L. McManaway submitted a report on worl among colored people. It advised the further en-couragement of education among the colored people, favored close relations with them in a religious sense, and expressed apprehension at the recent inroads in that field by Roman Catholics. Dr. W. H. McAlpin, colored, of Alabama, addressed the convention. W. E. Hatcher, of West Virginia, said that he

that the people of the South were willing to do their duty to the colored people.

Governor Northen, of Georgia, led the convention in prayer for the work among the colored people.

Dr. Gamble offered a resolution amendatory to the report favoring the formation of training societies for colored mothers. The report as amended was adopted.

GRADUATES OF THE Y. W. C. A. SCHOOLS. The great and good work that the Young Women's bristian Association, whose building is at No. 7 lifteenthat, is doing for the Protestant women of New York who are compelled to carn their own living was demonstrated in part last night. From the schools under the association's control several hundred aftendants were graduated. The association seeks to fit those who come to it for a sistance properly to carry on the respective branches of work which they desire to follow. Last night branches of work which they desire to tollow. Last night there were graduates in whiting, commercial arithmetic, bookkeeping, business training, stemography, typewriting, retauching photo-negatives, photo-coloring, photo-engraving, mechanical and freehand drawing, clay modelling, applied designing, machine and hand sewing, cutting and fitting, millimery, physical culture and choir music. In all tiers were over twenty classes. Of those who were graduated 195 received diplomas.

Mrs. Clarence E. Beche, the president of the associa-

tion, presided. Elshop Potter was also on the platform. The evening's exercises began with an organ voluntary by Miss H. B. Judd. Then the cheir music class san an anthem. This was followed by a Biblical selection and prayer by Hishop Potter. Diplomas were then pre-sented to those entitled to them by Mrs. Beebe. Hamil-ton W. Mable also delivered a short address.

After the exercises an inspection of the building end of the work of the various graduating classes was made by the visitors. Since October 1 of last year 1.443 pupils have received instruction in the classrooms in the association building.

AN EXPENSIVE CLUBHOUSE TO BE BUILT.

A special meeting of the Building Trades Club was held last night at the club-rooms, No. 117 East Twentythird-st. for the purpose of discussing the subject of erecting a new building. After much discussion it was decided that a building be constructed to cost \$1,000,000.
A committee of fifteen members is to be appointed by the president of the club to raise the money, select ite and make the other necessary arrangen

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come. When we see in children tendencies to weakness, we know they are missing the life of food taken. This loss is overcome by

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